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DATE MAILED: 12/03/2003

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/019,227	04/17/2002	Hiroaki Saeki	33082M113	1751	
75	590 12/03/2003	EXAMINER			
Smith Gambre	•••	BRATLIE, STEVEN A			
Beveridge DeGrandi Weilacher & Young Intellectual Property Group			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
1850 M Street NW Suite 800 Washington, DC 20036			3652		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.		Applicant(s)		1			
	0192	27	Maki	reto	-			
Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit					
gen a	BRATE	IE	3652					
<ul> <li>The MAILING DATE of this communication app</li> <li>Period for Reply</li> </ul>				dress				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply secified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply within the set or extende	36(a). In no event, however within the statutory minimi will apply and will expire SIX cause the application to be	r, may a reply be tin um of thirty (30) day ( (6) MONTHS from ecome ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered time the mailing date of this c D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	iy. ommunication	ı.			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on								
/ <del></del>	— · is action is non-fina	af.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposition of Claims  4) Claim(s) is/are pending in the application  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw  5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.  7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	on.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirem	ent.						
Application Papers								
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the	/\							
<ul> <li>11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on</li> </ul>								
If approved, corrected drawings are required in re			•					
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex								
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	n ndodty under 35	USC & 1190	a)-(d) or (f).					
a) All b) Some * c) None of:	in priority under oo	0.0.0.3(	-, (-, -, (,,					
1. Certified copies of the priority documen	te have heen receiv	ved.						
			tion No.					
The state of the s								
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prication from the International But See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ureau (PCT Rule 1	7.2(a)).		•				
14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest	lic priority under 35	U.S.C. § 119	(e) (to a provision	al applica	tion).			
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pr 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes								
Attachment(s)				•	•			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)-	5) 🗍		try (PTO-413) Paper N I Patent Application (f		. •			
U.S. Patent and Tradomark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 04-01) Office #	Action Summary		Part of	Paper No.	9			

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Art Unit: 36413652

1. The drawings are objected to because Fig. 37 must be labeled prior art. A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

- 2. 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, requires the specification to be written in "full, clear, concise, and exact terms." The specification is replete with terms which are not clear, concise and exact. The specification should be revised carefully in order to comply with 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph. Examples of some unclear, inexact or verbose terms used in the specification are: "in a surely held condition without trembling".
- 3. Claims 12, 14, 15, and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. For example:
  - A.) Claim 12 "the lid-detecting unit" no proper antecedent basis;
  - B.) Claim 14 "the lid-detecting unit";
  - C.) Claim 15 not a sentence; and
  - D.) Claim 21 "the driver" no proper antecedent basis.
- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.



Art Unit: 3641

- 5. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
  - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
  - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
  - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
  - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 6. Claim 1-16, 18-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bacchi et al in view of Nering et al and \$\frac{1}{48}\$P 827185.

Bacchi et al disclose a substantially similar pod door opener. Note lid detector #164 and pushing member #150 (Figs 10-11B). Bacchi et al lack a driving plate and a controller. Nering et al discloses the use of the driving plate, while \$P 827185 discloses the use of a controller. It would have been obvious to a mechanic with ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the primary reference with these features. The motivation is to better control door opening.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner Bratlie whose telephone number is (703) 308-2669. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday form 6:30 to 5:00. Friday is the examiner's day off.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 306-4177.

Application/Control Number: 10/019,227

Art Unit: 3641

Bratlie/vs December 8, 2003 Steven a, Brothe

STEVEN A. BRATLIE PRIMARY EXAMINER